

Serial Communication

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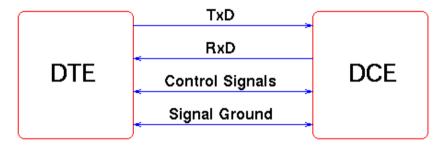
Serial Transmission

- Characteristics
 - One bit transmitted at a time
 - Simple electrical circuit (two wires only)
 - At least 8 times slower than the corresponding (byte-)parallel transfer
 - Improved transmission range and reliability
- Deployment
 - Slow devices (in regard to microprocessors)
 - Long range
 - High interference (field bus)



Serial Interface

Interconnects Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Communication Equipment (DCE)



- Standarus
 - EIA:RS-232, RS-422, RS-423, and RS-449
 - CCITT: V.24/V.28
- Visible in a computer through an UART



Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART)

- The computer's serial 'port'
 - The UART takes bytes of data and transmits the individual bits in a sequential fashion
 - At the destination, a second UART re-assembles the bits into complete bytes
- National Semiconductor UART
 - Adopted by the IBM PC
 - Defacto standard
 - 8250/16450/16550



Synchronous Serial Transmission

- Sender and receiver are synchronized by
 - Sharing a common clock
 - Sender providing a strobe
- More efficient than asynchronous
 - Only data is transmitted
- More expensive than asynchronous
 - Clock/strobe signal
- Not supported by the PC's 8250



Asynchronous Serial Transmission

- Sender and receiver don't share a clock
 - Must agree on timing parameters in advance
 - Handshake
 - Special bits are added to each word for synchronization purpose
 - Start bit: indicates the beginning of a word, synchronizing the receiver with the transmitter's clock
 - Parity bit: enables simple error checking
 - Stop bit(s): indicates the end of a word
 - Data bits
 - Least significant bit (LSB) first
 - Sampled at half the period assigned to each bit



RS-232-C History

- Defined in 1969 by EIA and Bell Laboratories as an standard DCE/DTE interface
 - Electrical, mechanical, and functional characteristics
 - Similar standard by CCITT in Europe
 - V.24 functional
 - V.28 electrical
 - Cost effectiveness led it to connect several peripheral devices in the microcomputer scene
- Extended by standards RS-422, RS-423 and RS-449



RS-232-C Signaling

- Voltage levels
 - Data signals
 - Space (0): +5 -> +15 V
 - Mark (1): -5 -> -15 V
 - Control signals
 - Off (0): -5 -> -15 V
 - On (1): +5 -> + 15 V
- Noise margin
 - Maximum load capacitance: 2500pf
 - Maximum cable length: ~17 m (on 130pf/m cable)



RS-232-C Signals (1)

- 1 Frame Ground [FG]
 - This pin should connect the chassis of the two devices, but this connection is made only when connection of chassis grounds is safe and it is considered optional.
- 2 Transmitted Data [TxD, DTE => DCE]

 DTE uses this signal to send data to the DCE. It's hold at logic 1 when no data is being transmitted.



RS-232-C Signals (2)

- 3 Received Data [RxD, DCE => DTE]

 DCE uses this signal to send data to the DTE. It's hold at logic 1 when no data is being transmitted.
- 4 Request to Send [RTS, DTE => DCE]

 DTE uses this signal when it wants to transmit to the DCE. This signal, in combination with CTS, coordinates data transmission between the DTE and the DCE.



RS-232-C Signals (3)

- 5 Clear To Send [CTS, DCE => DTE]

 This signal is an answer to the DTE's RTS. It tells the DTE that it can now start transmitting on TxD.
- 6 Data Set Ready [DSR, DCE => DTE]
 With this singal, the DCE tells the DTE that the communication channel is available.
- 7 Signal Ground [GND, DCE <=> DTE]

 This pin is the reference ground for all the other signals, data and control.



RS-232-C Signals (4)

8 - Data Carrier Detect [DCD, DCE => DTE]

This signal tells the DTE that the DCE is receiving 'a good signal'.

9 - + P

This pin is held at +12 volts DC for test purposes.

10 - -P

This pin is held at -12 volts DC for test purposes.

11 - Unassigned



RS-232-C Signals (5)

- 12 Secondary DCD [SDCD, DCE => DTE]

 DCD for the secondary communication channel.
- 13 Secondary CTS [SCTC, DCE => DTE]
 CTS for the secondary communication channel.
- 14 Secondary TxD [STxD, DTE => DCE]
 TxD for the secondary communication channel.
- 15 Transmission Signal Element Timing [TC, DCE => DTE]
 Clock signal sent by DCE to DTE to synchronize TxD.



RS-232-C Signals (6)

- 16 Secondary RxD [SRxD, DCE => DTE]
 RxD for the secondary communication channel.
- 17 Receiver Signal Element Timing [RT, DCE => DTE]

Clock signal sent by DCE to DTE to synchronize RxD.

- 18 Unassigned
- 19 Secondary RTS [SRTS, DTE => DCE]
 RTS for the secondary communication channel.



RS-232-C Signals (7)

- 20 Data Terminal Ready [DTR, DTE => DCE]
 Tells the DCE that the DTE is available for receiving.
- 21 Signal Quality Detector [SQ, DCE => DTE]

 This line is used by the DCE to indicate whether or not there is a high probability of an error in the received data. ells the DCE that the DTE is available for receiving.
- 22 Ring Indicator [RI, DCE => DTE]

 DCE signals the DTE that there is an incoming call.



RS-232-C Signals (8)

- 23 Data Signal Rate Selector [DTE => DCE]

 The DTE uses this line to select the transmission bit rate of the DCE.
- 24 Transmitter Signal Element Timing [DCE => DTE]

The DTE sends the DCE a transmit clock on this line.

25 - Unassigned



RS-232-C Signal Summary

	DB-9 Pin #	Common Name	EIA Name	CCITT	DTE-DCE	Formal Name
1		FG	AA	101	-	Frame Ground
1 2 3	3	TD	BA		>	Transmitted Data, TxD
3	2	RD	BB		<	Received Data, RxD
4 5	7	RTS	CA		>	
5	8	CTS	CB	106	<	Clear To Send
6	6	DSR	CC	107	<	Data Set Ready
7	5	SG	AB			Signal Ground, GND
8	1	DCD	CF	109	<	Data Carrier Detect
9				_	_	+P
10				_	_	-P
11				_	_	unassigned
12		SDCD	SCF	122	<	Secondary Data Carrier Detect
13		SCTS	SCB	121	<	Secondary Clear To Send
14		STD	SBA	118	>	Secondary Transmitted Data
15		TC	DB		<	Transmission Signal Element Timing
16		SRD	SBB	119	<	Secondary Received Data
17		RC	DD	115	>	Receiver Signal Element Timing
18				_	_	unassigned
19		SRTS	SCA	120	>	Secondary Request To Send
20	4	DTR	CD	108.2	>	Data Terminal Ready
21		SQ	CG	110	<	Signal Quality Detector
22	9	RI	CE	125	<	Ring Indicator
23			CH/CI	111/112	>	Data Signal Rate Selector
24			DA	113	<	Transmitter Signal Element Timing
25				-	-	unassigned